## HW2

## January 30, 2012

1. Verify that each of the given functions satisfies the heat equation (with no external sources):

$$u_t - ku_{xx} = 0$$

for  $0 < x < \pi$ , and the accompanying boundary and initial conditions.

 $\begin{aligned} &(a)u(x,t) = e^{-kt}sin(x), \ u(x,0) = sin(x), \ u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 0.\\ &(b)u(x,t) = e^{-kt}cos(x), \ u(x,0) = cos(x), \ u_x(0,t) = u_x(\pi,t) = 0.\\ &(c)u(x,t) = 0.5 + 0.5e^{-4kt}cos(2x), \ u(x,0) = cos^2(x), \ u_x(0,t) = u_x(\pi,t) = 0. \end{aligned}$ 2. Compute gradient vector  $\nabla u$  and the Laplacian,  $\nabla^2 u$ , for the following functions.  $(a)u(x,y) = 3x^2y^2 + 2e^{xy}$   $(b)u(x,y) = ln(x^2 + 3xy + 2y^2)(d)u(x,y,z) = y^2z^2(1 + sin^2x) + (y+1)^2(z+3)^2$ 

3. Find the equilibrium (steady state) solution for the homogeneous heat equation

$$u_t - k u_{xx} = 0, \quad 0 < x < L, \quad t > 0$$

with the initial condition

$$u(x,0) = f(x)$$

and boudnary condition

$$u(0,t) = 60, \quad u_x(L,t) = 1.$$

4. Evaluate

$$\int_{S} w \cdot n dS \quad \text{and} \quad \int_{\Omega} \nabla \cdot w d\Omega$$

where S is the unit sphere defined by  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ ,  $\Omega$  is the unit ball and w is the vector field

$$v = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}.$$

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Verify the divergence theorem

$$\int_{\Omega} \nabla \cdot w d\Omega = \int_{S} w \cdot n dS.$$